



From Analysis to Pipeline: Fueling the U.S. Hydrogen Manufacturing and Supply Chains

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MESC is focused on the "how" of the energy transition



PURPOSE

To deliver the *how* of the energy transition quickly, securely, and equitably

MISSION

The Office of Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains (MESC) serves as the frontline of clean energy capital deployment to accelerate America's transition to a resilient, equitable energy future via \$20B+ of direct investment in manufacturing capacity and workforce development.



VISION

To eliminate vulnerabilities in US Clean Energy supply chains, while driving unparalleled social, economic, and environmental impact through our programs & awards

MESC was founded in 2022 to secure and strengthen critical manufacturing and energy supply chains





MESC's investment activities are underpinned by robust analytical modeling

MESC's Core Functions

Manufacturing Investing

Strengthening and securing supply chains needed to modernize the nation's energy infrastructure, while supporting a clean and equitable energy transition

Workforce Investing

Supporting workforce education and training through the direct funding of cutting-edge energy manufacturing programs

Manufacturing Analytics Backbone

Robust modeling to guide and support DOE strategy and investments, private sector collaborative investments, and policy recommendations to broader USG

Our strategic investment in critical materials, workforce, and essential manufacturing enables DOE's other major project offices (OCED, GDO, etc.) by **de-risking the supply chains** for transmission, hydrogen, carbon capture, and other emerging clean technology projects.



Executive Order 14017: America's Supply Chains

https://www.energy.gov/policy/securing-americas-clean-energy-supply-chain

- DOE released **14 reports on the energy sector supply chains**, including 13 issue-specific deep dive assessments and an overarching strategy report
- "America's Strategy to Secure the Supply Chain for a Robust Clean Energy Transition" is the first-ever comprehensive U.S. government strategy to secure our domestic energy supply chains and an Energy Sector Industrial Base
- Lays out dozens of **critical strategies and actions** to build secure, resilient, and diverse domestic energy supply chains
- Part of a larger whole-of-government approach on supply chains

Deep-Dive Assessment Report Topics

- Carbon capture materials
- Electric grid including transformers and high voltage direct current
- Energy storage
- Fuel cells and electrolyzers
- Hydropower including pumped storage hydropower
- Neodymium magnets
- Nuclear energy
- Platinum group metals and other catalyst
- Semiconductors
- Solar photovoltaics
- Wind
- Commercialization and competitiveness
 - Cybersecurity and digital components

ENERGY



America's Strategy to Secure the Supply Chain for a Robust Clean Energy Transition

U.S. Department of Energy Response to Executive Order 14017, "America's Supply Chains"

February 24, 2022



Supply Chain Progress Report (Aug 2023)

https://www.energy.gov/mesc/reports

- Summarizes DOE progress in building and securing supply chains to support the American energy sector industrial base:
 - Securing critical materials
 - Expanding energy sector manufacturing
 - Growing the domestic clean energy workforce
 - Building out supply chain capabilities
- Identifying supply chain vulnerabilities/opportunities to identify priorities and align investments

Component/Equipment	Relevant Technologies	Vulnerabilities
Large Castings and Forgings	Onshore wind, offshore wind, hydropower, and nuclear	U.S. does not have large-scale domestic castings and forgings capabilities to meet demand; certain technologies, such as nuclear, require higher grade equipment than others.
Rare Earth Magnets	EVs, onshore wind, and offshore wind	U.S. does not have manufacturing capability for Neodymium magnets with China dominating more than 92% of the capacity
Battery Components	EVs and grid energy storage	China maintains a stronghold in mid and downstream battery supply chain. China manufactures most cathodes (89 %), anodes (93 %), separators (89 %), electrolytes (94 %), and cells (75%)

Adequate investment	Further investment required	nent Limit infor	ted curren mation	t state						
Potential for further investment	Significant investment req	uired N/A		future state						
	Raw materials			Manuf	acturing and asso	embly	Labor			
	Availability	Extraction	Processing	Cap. equipment	Sub-assembly mfg	Final assembly mfg	Construction	Plant operations	Installation	
Offshore wind	\nearrow	\sim	\nearrow	\nearrow	\nearrow		\nearrow	\sim	\nearrow	
Gen III+ Nuclear		\checkmark		\sim						
Gen IV Nuclear	\sim	\sim	\sim		\sim	\sim	\sim			
Solar		\sim		\sim			\sim		\sim	
Clean H2 (FC/Es)		\nearrow	\sim						and the second s	
Onshore wind		\nearrow								
Hydropower		\nearrow	\sim	\sim	\sim		\sim	\sim	\sim	
Geothermal					\sim		\sim	\sim		

MESC operates in late-stage technology development, driving large-scale deployment of new technologies

The Office of Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains is **working alongside private capital** to be a **force multiplier** to **secure American supply chains domestically**.

All DOE and MESC investments follow a **datadriven approach**, building on modeling, mapping, and analysis foundational from MESC experts.

MESC is **supporting workforce** through direct funding of cutting-edge energy manufacturing programs at universities, community college, and trade-schools to proven entry-level and mid-career support.





MESC has a suite of financial instruments to support deployment across the energy sector industrial base

Technology areas`	Manufacturing Capex, i.e., factory construction			Manufacturing Opex & Production	Scale legend MESC programs by size Other programs							
Clean Energy Manufacturing and Recycling									\$ Billions Other grant / tax			
Zero carbon electricity									\$100s Millions Loan programs			
• Solar									Millions Program Legend			
• Wind								45X	• 48C: \$10B ITC for energy manufacturing &			
Geothermal								5 / 4	 recycling, critical minerals processing & recycling, and energy efficiency in manufacturing 40207b: \$3B, BIL Battery Material Processing Grants 			
Hydrogen Fuel Cells	48 /							H2 Hubs	40207c: \$6B, BIL Battery Manufacturing Grants 50143: \$2B, IRA Domestic Manufacturing Conversion Gr			
Water	48E								Centers Implementation Grants • 40534: \$50M State Manufacturing Leadership program			
Nuclear		4						ARDP 45U	• 41008: \$500M, BIL Industrial Emissions Demonstrations • 40205: \$140M for Rare Earth Elements deployment from BIL • 20001 (DBA): \$350M for heat number manufacturing from IRA			
Other		10200	4053	1050	48C	703 lo	706		 30001 (DPA): \$250M for heat pumps manufacturing from R/ 40209: \$750M, BIL Advanced Energy Manufacturing and Recycling Grants 40555: \$20 M for Energy Efficient Transformer Rebates Prog. 50161: \$5.8B, IRA Advanced Industrial Facilities Deployment 50161: \$0.8D, IRA Advanced Tashaalamy Vahiala Manufacturing 			
Grid components			4			ban g	ban g	40555 GRIP, TFP				
Batteries	40207c					Juara	luara	45X	 Program • ARDP: \$2.5 BIL advanced reactor demo program, 			
Carbon Capture, Removal, Use, and Storage						ntees	ntees	DAC Hubs 45Q CCD	 1703: Innovative Energy Supply Chain Loan Guarantees 1706: Energy Infrastructure Reinvestment (if replacing pow plant/energy infra.) 45 / 45Y: PTC for Renewable Electricity / Clean Electricity 48 / 48E: ITC for Renewable Energy / Clean Electricity 			
Fuels/Chemicals/Products (Biofuels, H2, etc.)								H2 Hubs				
Energy Efficiency, incl. Heat pumps	40521 30001							40521	 • 45U: \$6B Nuclear Power PTC • 30D: Clean Vehicle Credit • DAC hubs: \$3.5B Regional Direct Air Capture 			
Vehicles	40207c 50143							30D 45X	 45Q: PTC for carbon capture & sequestration H2 Hubs: \$8B Regional Clean Hydrogen Hubs Program CCD: \$2.5B Carbon Capture Demonstration Program 			
Industrial Decarbonization	50161 41008											
Critical Materials	40207b ATVM							40205 45X				

MESC initiatives support the Energy Sector Industrial Base with a multi-disciplinary approach

Facility and Workforce Assistance

Supporting small and medium manufacturing growth, industrial decarbonization, and workforce for energy and manufacturing industries

Primary Stakeholders

- A Broad Group of Industrial Enterprises and Regional Manufacturers
- Academia: Universities, Community Colleges, Technical Schools
- State/Local Governments

Battery and Critical Materials

Developing a domestic Batteries and Critical Minerals manufacturing supply chain from cradle to grave and recycling.

Primary Stakeholders

- Upstream and Mid-Stream Mineral Processing, Refining, and Materials Production Enterprises
- Recycling Enterprises

Focus Areas

 Battery materials, Rare Earths, Platinum Group Metals, Other Critical Materials

Analysis and Strategic Investment

Analysis and support to build capabilities across energy technologies and throughout the supply chain for critical components, devices, and systems.

Primary Stakeholders

- Mid-/Down-Stream Components, Device, and Systems Manufacturing Enterprises
- Supply Chain Planning and Forecasting Stakeholders

Focus Areas

 Grid/HV/Storage, Solar/Wind, Fuel Cells/Electrolysis,

Semiconductors



MESC's Facility & Workforce Assistance

Build or retrofit manufacturing facilities to make clean energy products and reduce facility GHG emissions with an emphasis on small and medium sized manufacturers and shoring up the manufacturing workforce.

Manufacturing Assistance



Advanced Energy Manufacturing and Recycling Grants (*BIL 40209*): \$750M for SMMs in coal communities to decarbonize local facilities and reequip them for clean energy manufacturing



State Manufacturing Leadership

Program (*BIL 40534*): \$50M for statelevel efforts to accelerate the deployment of smart manufacturing tech and access to high-performance computing

Workforce Development & Industrial Assessments



IAC Program (base): Long-running program, operates 37 university centers that train energy-savvy engineers while providing no-cost energy technical assistance to SMMs



IAC Expansion (*BIL 40521*): \$150M to expand IACs to skilled trades training (e.g., community colleges, technical schools, apprenticeships) and strengthen IAC innovation via Centers of Excellence



Advanced Industrial Decarbonization



Industrial Technologies Joint Strategy: Chair the DOE-wide effort to identify decarbonization challenges and priority solutions in key industrial sectors (e.g., metals, chemicals) to inform MESC programs like 48C



Batteries and Critical Materials

Scale-up & deployment of manufacturing for critical minerals and battery materials

Investment Programs

Battery Material Processing and Battery Manufacturing Grants (BIL

40207(b)(c)): \$9B in grants for battery materials processing and manufacturing to ensure viable battery materials processing industry

Battery Recycling:

State/Local/Retailer Programs (*BIL* 40207(f3)(f4)): \$125M in grants for RD&D projects to create innovative and practical approaches to increase the reuse and recycling of batteries

Rare Earth Demonstration (with

FECM) (*BIL 40205*): \$140M to demonstrate feasibility of a full-scale integrated rare earth extraction and separation facility and refinery

Battery Supply Chains Coordination + Collaboration

Battery Joint Strategy Team:

8 program offices within DOE focused on technology, manufacturing, commercial, and supply chain readiness well as enduse applications

Federal Consortium for Advanced Batteries (FCAB): 91

Agencies over 80 Offices; released National Blueprint for Lithium Batteries, 2021

Li-Bridge Public-Private Partnership: holds Forums and releases reports with recommendations to foster domestic industry growth

Critical Materials Coordination + Collaboration

Critical Materials Collaborative:

9 program offices within DOE focused end-of-life battery recycling and re-use guidance

Rare Earth Elements: working

with stakeholders to develop domestic resources for rare earth elements, creating partnerships with allied countries, and exploring alternative resources as feedstock

Working Groups: various public, interagency, and other external coordinating dialogues



Analysis and Strategic Investment

Targeted investment in critical mid- and down-stream energy technologies (components, devices, and systems), informed by integrated cross-cutting manufacturing and supply chain analysis.

Tax Credits and Rebates



48C Advanced Manufacturing Tax Credit (*IRA 13501*): \$10B competitively award credit for clean energy manufacturing & recycling, critical materials, and industrial GHG emissions reduction projects



Rebates for Efficient Distribution Transformers and Extended Product Systems

(BIL 40555): \$20M technology rebates for purchasers of a qualified energy efficient transformer or extended product system

Targeted Investment in Energy Supply Chains



Defense Production Act (IRA 30001): \$250M to bolster heat pump supply; future investment in four other designated technologies: grid components, clean hydrogen technologies, solar components, and insulation

Manufacturing Conversion Grants for Electrified Vehicles (IRA 50143): \$2B to renovate and retool vehicle and component manufacturing facilities for electrified vehicles (including hybrids and fuel cells)

Energy Sector Industrial Base Technical

Team: new activities to mitigate critical supply chain vulnerabilities and risk in critical industries and supply chains not already enumerated by existing funding authorities

Modeling, Mapping, and Analysis



Sprint Analysis: Synthesize fact base across DOE and private sector expertise to identify acute vulnerabilities cutting across technologies, to single technologies, and specific to each technology to inform DOE cross-cutting investments



Modeling, Mapping, and Analysis Consortium (MMAC): develop

analysis research and applied modeling ecosystem across DOE's national labs and supported by academic for integrated insights across manufacturing and energy supply chains



Qualifying Advanced Energy Project Credit (48C) Program

- \$4 billion of 48C credits over 100 projects
- Clean Energy Manufacturing and Recycling Projects, Industrial Decarbonization Projects and Critical Materials Projects
- Approx. \$340 million in electrolyzers and fuel cells components (self disclosed info)
- <u>Applicant Self-Disclosed 48C</u> <u>Projects</u>

48C Round 2: \$6 billion announcement



48C Updates: Round 2 Announced



Informational Webinar – 5/16/2024, 12 p.m. ET

registration link



DOE <u>48C ECO Portal</u> opens for Concept Paper

Submission – no later than 5/28/2024



Submission Deadline for Concept Papers – 30 days

after **<u>48C ECO Portal</u>** opens for submission at 5:00 pm



Mapping, Modeling, and Analysis Consortium



- Discrete event modeling
- Material flow equations

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Wednesday, May 8 Poster Presentations, 5:30–7:00 p.m.

MESC001 - Supercharging Critical Hydrogen Supply Chains with MMAC Diane Graziano, ANL & Justin Bracci, NREL



Request for Information:

- Domestic Manufacturing Conversion Grants for Electrified Vehicles
- State Partnerships for Small- and Medium-Sized Manufacturers (SMMs)
- ICEV to EV including hybrid and hydrogen fuel cell
- **Deadline for RFI input:** May 20, 2024
- Access to RFI link HERE

RFI seeks input on:





Worker and Community Benefits



Equity, Environmental, and Energy Justice

(EEEJ) Priorities, including implementation

of the Justice40 Initiative



MESC's impact to-date



\$7B+ private sector investment catalyzed

8,000+ jobs created



34% of investments in energy justice communities

500+ students trained annually

10M+ EVs enabled annually





INAUGURAL ANNUAL REPORT FY23

https://www.energy.gov/mesc/reports



Thank you

energy.gov/mesc



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Office of Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains, U.S. Department of Energy



